# **Important Information**

You have received this brochure because your company, farm or ranch is located - or may operate near an Enbridge natural gas pipeline or related facility. This brochure has been designed to provide you with basic information regarding pipelines, how to prevent an incident, basic one-call information and how to recognize a leak and respond in the event of a pipeline emergency. Please read and share the important safety information in this brochure with anyone in your company who conducts or makes decisions about ground-disturbance activities like excavation, construction, development, utility installation, oil and gas production, logging, railroad maintenance, and anchoring or dredging

### **Important Information for Developers**

We look forward to being your neighbor and helping you develop property near our pipelines in a way that leads to safe and satisfied residents. Identifying pipelines is the first step in that process. Please look for pipeline markers. consult with your local planning and zoning department and use any other tools available to identify pipelines on the property during the planning process.

If an Enbridge pipeline exists on the property, please consult with us. Together we can determine whether there is adequate right-ofway access, what evacuation routes might be in the unlikely event of an emergency, whether there are alternative uses for the right-of-way and how we can work together to prevent pipeline damage during construction.

For more information on developing properties near pipelines, please visit the Pipelines and Informed Planning Alliance's webpage at phmsa.dot.gov

### Important Information for Marine Operators

Be sure to account for underwater pipelines when conducting soil-disturbing activity in or on water. Dredging or anchoring near pipelines can expose them or damage the pipeline or its coating. Pipelilnes traversing waterways often can be identified by looking to the banks of the waterway for pipeline markers or signs warning against anchoring and dredging.

### Important Information for Underground Utility **Operators And Contractors**

To protect people, property and the environment, Enbridge requires consultation prior to crossing our pipelines with underground infrastructure. Please contact Enbridge during the planning phase of your project for construction specifics and permitting.

### Important Information for Farmer and Ranchers

You should always call 811 before any soil disturbing activities which include but are not limited to, deep tilling, ditching, soil ripping, grading, installing drain tile and constructing fences. You should also be aware that heavy rains, floods and droughts can affect the soil above buried pipelines.

### Contact Enbridge

All of our pipelines are monitored 24-7. If you suspect a pipeline emergency, please find a safe place to call 911, and then call Enbridge's toll-free 24 hour emergency number:

## **o** 1-888-650-8099

If you have a non-emergency question regarding Enbridge's damage prevention program, integrity management program or operations in your area you can call Public Awareness at 877-799-2650 or visit Enbridge.com/USpublicawareness.

USPublicawareness@enbridge.com

Public Awareness Department 5400 Westheimer Court Houston, TX77056

Enbridge.com/USpublicawareness

### Facebook

Facebook.com/Enbridge

# **Emergency** Information

### Recognizing a Pipeline Leak

In the unlikely event of a pipeline leak, typically, one or any combination of these helps you recognize a leak:

### You might see:



o Dirt being blown or appearing to be thrown

- A white vapor stream or mist-like cloud over the pipeline
- Dead or dving vegetation in an otherwise green area
- A dry area in a wet field
- · Flames coming from the ground or appearing to burn above ground
- Liquid on the ground
- Continuous bubbling in wet or flooded areas
- Disturbance on the surface of streams, rivers or other waterways

### You might hear:



(?) • A roaring, blowing or hissing sound

### You might smell:



(ک) • An unusual sulfur or rotten egg odor

### Hazards Associated with a Natural Gas Pipeline Line Leak or Rupture

- Dizziness or suffocation if leak occurs in a confined
- lanition/fire if ignition source is present during leak which may result in burns
- Potential explosion if the natural gas is mixed with air
- Projectiles ejected from the force of escaping gas

### Steps for a Safe Response

If you are in immediate danger, damage the pipeline, or observe or suspect a leak - even if you are uncertain of the severity - take the following

 Abandon any equipment being used in or near the area, moving upwind of the product release. Warn others to stay away.

### Call 911

Call the toll-free, 24-hour Enbridge emergency number for your area:

### **2**888-650-8099

 Follow instructions provided to you by local emergency responders and Enbridge

### What NOT to do When a Leak Occurs

- Do not touch any liquid or vapor that may have come from the pipeline
- Do not drive into the area
- Do not turn on or off anything that may create a spark-including cell phones, telephones, twoway radios, light switches, vehicle alarms, vehicle keyless entry and flashlights - until you are in a safe
- Do not light a match and avoid open flames
- Do not attempt to extinguish a natural gas fire
- Do not operate pipeline valves
- Do not remain in a building if the smell is stronger inside than outside

### What Happens Next?

Public safety will be the top priority as Enbridge. contractors and local emergency responders work together to evaluate and respond to a pipeline leak. Local public safety officials will determine whether residents should evacuate or shelter-in-place. Residents may be asked to evacuate if it is no longer safe to be in the area or to shelter-in-place if there may be something unsafe in the environment.

# **Contact Enbridge**

If you have an emergency please contact the 24-hour emergncy number in your area.

## **1-888-650-8099**

Alternate Language: If you or someone you know would prefer to have this information provided in the brochure in a language other than English, please write us at:

5400 Westheimer Court Houston, TX77056

# Pipeline Safety



# Safe Excavation and Farming **Around Pipelines**

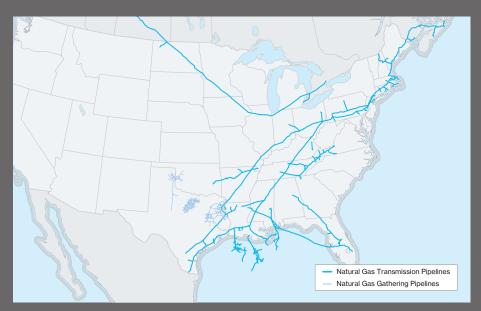








# Pipeline Safety: A Shared Responsibility



Life takes energy: to heat our homes, to feed our families, to fuel our vehicles. Enbridge connects people to the energy they need to help fuel their quality of life.

Enbridge owns and operates a natural gas pipeline system in your area. Smaller gathering pipelines begin near natural gas wells and carry raw natural gas to larger pipelines or to processing plants, where impurities and natural gas liquids (NGLs) like propane, butane, ethane and natural gasoline are removed. Larger transmission pipelines move the processed gas to market, where it is ultimately delivered to homes and business to provide heat and fuel manufacturing. Some of our pipelines carry NGLs, which are liquid when inside the pipeline or storage tank but become gaseous if released into the atmosphere.

### **Pipeline Purpose and Reliability**

The United States has the largest pipeline network in the world. Data collected by the U.S. Department of Transportation reports pipelines are one of the safest ways to move energy resources like the natural gas, crude oil and other products Enbridge transports. We are committed to safe and reliable operation of our pipelines in your community. Every year our company invests in the latest technology and training to meet the high environmental and safety standards expected by those who live and work near our pipelines.

All of our pipelines are monitored 24-7. If you suspect a pipeline emergency, please find a safe place to call 911, and then call Enbridge's toll-free 24 hour emergency number:

**1-888-650-8099** 

## **Know What's Below**

One of the leading causes of pipeline failure is damage resulting from nearby excavation. We watch for unauthorized digging, but we're also asking for your help.

Enbridge maintains a Damage Prevention Program in accordance with state and federal guidelines. The purpose of this program is to prevent damage to our pipeline facilities from excavation activities such as digging, trenching, blasting, boring, tunneling, or backfilling.

### **One-Call Requirements**

811, the national "call before you dig" number, and ClickBeforeYouDig.com are free services designed to keep you safe when digging. Calling or clicking is always the safest option every time you dig, and in many cases it's the law. At least two to three business days before your project – any time you are disturbing the soil -- (depending on state law), call 811 or visit ClickBeforeYouDig.com.





Within two to three business days, professional locators will come to your location and mark underground utility lines—including pipelines (marked with yellow flags or paint)—so you can work around them, saving yourself from possible injury or property damage.

If you see someone digging or disturbing the soil and there are no flags or marks on the ground, please stop the activity and ask the person to call 811 before continuing. Do not rely on word-of-mouth, maps, memory or pipeline markers when planning a digging project.

### Pipeline Right-of-Way

A pipeline follows a narrow, clear stretch of land called a right-of-way that allows our employees and contractors to access the pipeline for inspections, maintenance, testing and emergencies. Pipeline rights-of-ways are not designed as roads, and heavy vehicles and equipment can damage the pipelines below.

For your safety and to protect the pipeline:

- The right-of-way must remain clear. Structures, stockpiles, stored equipment and burn piles are not permitted within the right-of-way.
- Fences, roads, driveways and trees are generally prohibited within the right-of-way – written permission is required before planting any trees or shrubs.
- Pipeline markers must remain in place. These are protected by federal law. Intentionally damaging, removing or knocking over markers could result in significant fines.
- Choose a location other than the right-of-way as your muster point or meeting place when developing your emergency plans for your work site
- Report any Enbridge pipelines exposed by erosion or other causes to our 24-hour number for your area.
- Call our 24-hour number before crossing an Enbridge right-of-way with heavy machinery.
   We'll work with you to establish a safe crossing.

### Pipeline Location

You can find the general location of an Enbridge pipeline near you by looking for a pipeline marker. The marker will typically provide the pipeline operator's name, the contents of the pipeline and an emergency phone number. If an emergency is suspected or discovered, call the number on the pipeline marker.

While markers play an important role in identifying pipelines, they are not used to give exact locations and should not be an alternative to dialing 811. Markers should never be removed or relocated by anyone other than a pipeline operator.

You can also find out where pipelines are in your area by going to the National Pipeline Mapping System website at www.npms.phmsa.dot.gov or by contacting one of our representatives at 877-799-2650

**Know What's Near You** 



### **Above Ground Facilities**

While most Enbridge pipelines are buried underground, our system also includes additional facilities such as, processing plants, compressor stations and metering stations. It's important that you know what to expect as part of

normal operations at these facilities. If you notice any suspicious activity or abnormal odor near one of our above ground facilities, call 911 immediately, then call Enbridge's 24-hour emergency number for your area.

Facility and Purpose	Normal Operations
<b>Compressor Stations</b> move natural gas through the pipeline at a consistent pressure.	Each station has built-in safety features that detect problems and automatically shut down equipment. During normal operations, no significant odors should be detected.
Metering Stations measure, and valve sites control, the flow of products through the pipeline.	No significant odors should be detected during normal operations.
Processing Plants separate impurities and products like propane, butane and natural gasoline from natural gas.	You may sometimes see a flame, or flare, at the top of a stack. This keeps equipment from becoming over pressured and is part of the facility's safety system. During normal operations, no significant odors should be detected.

### Keeping Pipelines Safe

The objective of Enbridge's integrity management program is to improve pipeline safety through a systematic approach involving data gathering, risk assessment, integrity assessments, prevention and mitigation.

The U.S. Department of Transportation has developed specific High Consequence Area (HCA) regulations for the operations and maintenance of natural gas transmission pipelines. These regulations are more rigorous than those for non-HCA locations and focus integrity management activities on populated

areas and areas where it would be difficult to evacuate people. In most cases, we apply the more rigorous requirements to the operation of all our pipeline facilities, not just the HCAs. To read more about our pipeline safety efforts, visit enbridge.com/safety.

Neighbors like you can help us maintain a safe, secure and reliable pipeline system. If you observe any unusual or suspicious activity near our pipeline facilities, or in the event an emergency occurs, please call us immediately using the toll-free emergency number included in this brochure.